













#overcomingsilence

Uniting global voices to promote gender equality in the Catholic Church www.overcomingsilence.com

CAMPAIGN GOAL: WOMEN BEGIN ASSUMING VATICAN LEADERSHIP ROLES_



This document aims to give our readers an overview of the current leadership and decision making structures at the Vatican as well as a brief history of women in leadership. It will outline three concrete areas of change needed to make gender equality a priority in the Catholic Church.

A governance reform process for the Vatican led by Pope Francis is underway and a new Apostolic Constitution is destined to replace the current 'Pastor Bonus' set by Pope John Paul II in 1988. Pastor Bonus laid out in detail the organisation of the Roman Curia and opened membership in dicasteries to priests, deacons, religious, and lay persons. Pastor Bonus opened the central government of the church by allowing representatives of all the faithful to have roles and responsibilities.

Pope Francis will make history this year when he announces a new Apostolic Constitution which we hope will further open leadership and decision making roles to diverse and faithful women of the Church.

LEADERSHIP ROLES INSIDE THE VATICAN_

The Vatican (more specifically, Roman Curia) is the global administrative center of the Catholic Church. Its official role is to help the Pope to exercise his supreme leadership, and it is where decisions for the global Church are made. The most decisive part of the Roman Curia consists of the Secretariat of State, which has a structure on its own, and of offices called dicasteries, congregations or councils. Within each office of this type there are 3 levels of top leadership roles:

Prefect / President

The head of the dicastery and so responsible for running, directing and supervising all its activities and representing this office. This role reports directly to the Pope.



Secretary

The Secretary, with the collaboration of the Undersecretary, assists the head of the department in directing the personnel and in dealing with the matters of the dicastery. They participate in all ordinary and plenary sessions with the right to vote. The Secretary is the substitute of the head of the department when they are absent and signs the acts of the dicastery together with the head of the dicastery.

One or more Undersecretaries

Undersecretaries assist the Superior Prelate, along with the Secretary, in directing personnel and in dealing with the matters of the dicastery, taking care of its everyday functioning. The Pope appoints these three leadership roles, while other officials are chosen by their superior. Prefects and presidents have up to recently always been cardinals or at least archbishops. The secretaries are usually in the rank of archbishop for congregations, or bishop for councils, while the undersecretaries are usually priests.

Canon lawyers agree that according to applicable law there could be more lay men and women included in the different entities of the Roman Curia today. As the Church opens roles to more lay people, we have seen a slow movement of women into the third rank of leadership, but not fast enough. Since 1967, over 52 years, only 7 women have ever been appointed as an Undersecretary, the Vatican's third level of leadership. In 2018, Pope Francis appointed the first layman to lead a dicastery, the Dicastery for Communication.

According to the 2018 Vatican Directory, only 6 women were employed at the level of Capo Ufficio (the highest pay level below direct papal appointments).



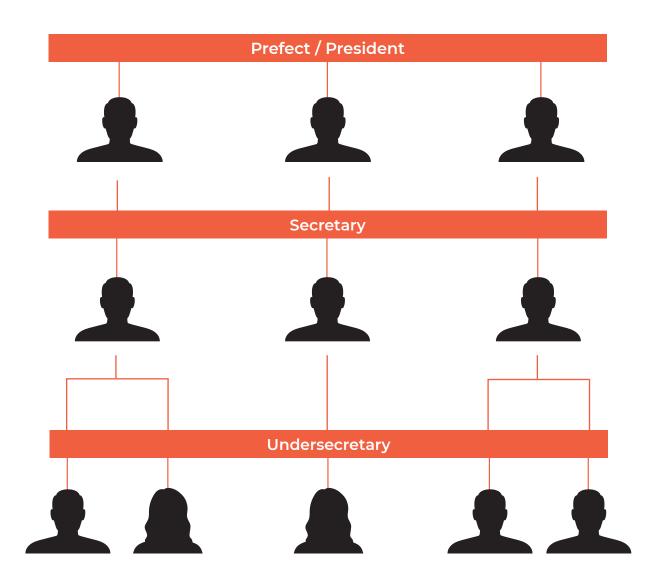
A WOMAN COULD BECOME SECRETARY OF STATE, IN THE SENSE THAT THE ROLE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE IS EVIDENTLY NOT BOUND TO THE SACRAMENTS OR THE PRIESTHOOD.

Cardinal Pietro Parolin, Secretary of State (Crux, May 4, 2016)



TOP 3 LEVELS OF LEADERSHIP AT THE VATICAN_

Since 1967, over 52 years ago, only 7 women have ever been appointed as an Undersecretary, the Vatican's third level of leadership.



HUMAN RESOURCES AT THE VATICAN_

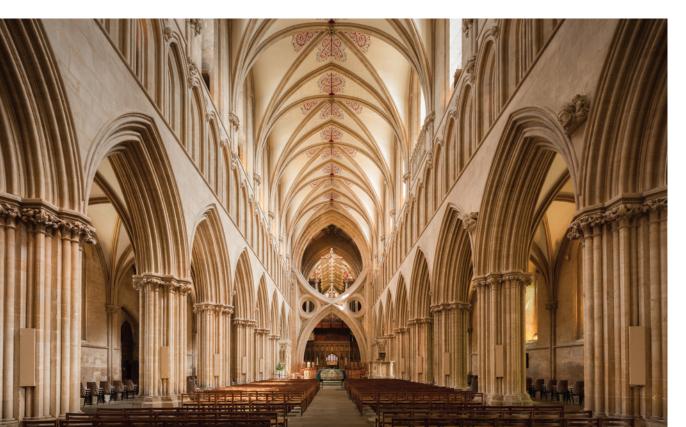
Vacancies at the Roman Curia seem never to be advertised.

In order to contrast the phenomenon of nepotism in the Vatican, in 2012 Pope Benedict XVI founded a commission inside of the Secretariat of State: the CIVA ("Commissione indipendente di Valutazione per le Assunzioni di Personale Laico Presso la Sede Apostolica", Independent Evaluation Commission for the Recruitment of Lay Staff at the Apostolic See). The CIVA is where all applications and CVs are centrally collected and sent to various offices of the Roman Curia for any

roles below direct papal appointments.

Every leader in the Vatican has to apply to this commission if they have a position to fill. The CIVA prepares a list with three names, from which the Prefect/President selects a candidate.

Yet, observers warn that a traditional "who you know" system is able to bypass the official procedures.



WHERE ARE THE WOMEN?_

Rosemary Goldie



1967 Undersecretary at the Pontifical Council for the Laity



2010Pontifical Council for Justice and Peace

Flaminia Giovanelli



2018
Undersecretary at the Congregation for Institutes of Consecrated Life

Sr. Carmen

Ros Nortes



2018Dicastery for Laity, Family and Life

Gabriella Gambino



2004 Undersecretary at the Congregation for Institutes of Consecrated Life





2011
Undersecretary at the Congregation for Institutes of Consecrated Life

Sr. Nicoletta Vittoria Spezzati



2018
Dicastery for Laity,
Family and Life

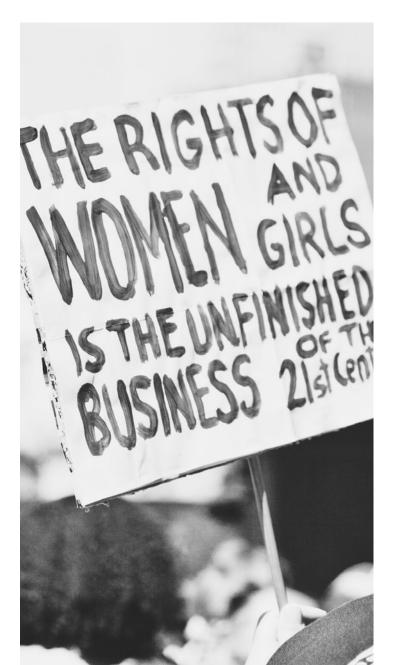
Linda Ghisoni

Timeline through history of 7 women appointed to leadership positions

THE CHURCH HAS A CHOICE. **ADMIT WOMEN TO DECISION MAKING** AND GOVERNANCE **ROLES OR DISCOVER** THEIR SILENCE IS NOT JUST **BECAUSE THEY ARE DELIBERATELY EXCLUDED BUT BECAUSE THEY HAVE GONE AWAY** IN RIGHTEOUS DESPAIR

MARY MCALEESE 8TH PRESIDENT OF IRELAND How can we influence the leaders in our catholic community to support changes to the structures of the global head office of the Catholic Church?





THREE SOLUTIONS TOWARDS CHANGE FOR DISCUSSION:

- Open, merit-based and transparent hiring process at the Vatican.
 - The Vatican could publicly announce vacancies, openly list required qualifications for these positions and implement transparent selection and hiring policies.
- 2 An overarching gender equality policy.

 Design and implement policies that safeguard equal opportunities and remove barriers for women employed at the Vatican.
- Monitoring and evaluation processes throughout each office of the Roman Curia.
 - Measure progress towards a more inclusive Roman Curia through a regular evaluation of key indicators and report results publicly.

DISCUSSION QUESTIONS_

WE NEED TO
TALK OPENLY
AND HONESTLY
ABOUT WOMEN IN
LEADERSHIP AND
DECISION MAKING
ROLES IN THE
CATHOLIC CHURCH

MUKTI BOSCO (INDIA)



Open, merit based and transparent hiring process at the Vatican

- Why it is important to have lay people, including women in Vatican offices? What do we risk losing if we don't have representation from these women?
- List all that could be gained by opening offices to expert and faithful women and men from all over the world.
- From the information given in this presentation, how do you feel about the hiring process at the Vatican?
- What is your reaction to what you have learned today about women at the Vatican?
- How could open, merit based hiring practices that you know from other organisations help the Vatican?
- What could the Vatican learn from Catholic organisations you know:
 - Are there female decision makers and leaders in your diocese or other Catholic institutions?
 - What are the structures in place at your country's Catholic Church to help elevate female decision makers?

DISCUSSION QUESTIONS_

MY QUESTION IS
HOW WE - AS A
CHURCH - CAN BE
AUTHENTICALLY
CHRISTIAN WHILE
REJECTING
THE INCLUSIVE
PRACTICES OF
OUR ANCESTORS
AND EVEN JESUS
HIMSELF

RUSSELL PETRUS (USA)

2 An overarching gender equality policy

- Is there an understanding at your Catholic community of the need for female leaders?
- What organisations do you admire that really showcase diversity at the top?
- Search for the best person to speak to in your diocese about whether they have a policy or have processes in place for elevating more women into leadership roles why/ why not.



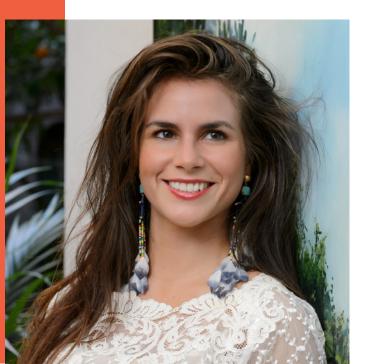
DISCUSSION QUESTIONS_

EN CUANTO JOVEN
MUJER DE FE, DEBERÍA
PODER TENER EL
MISMO ACCESO
QUE LOS HOMBRES
A POSICIONES DE
LIDERAZGO EN LA
IGLESIA CATÓLICA

MARIA COSTANZA ALVAREZ DE CASTRO (LATIN AMERICA)

Monitoring and evaluation processes throughout each office of the Roman Curia

- There are no official statistics about women at the Vatican, why is this a problem?
- None of the official statistics of the Catholic Church, including statistics on people entering or leaving the Catholic Church have information on the proportion of women and men, how could such information help us?



According to the 2018 Vatican directory there were 4 female Undersecretaries.

THERE'S ONLY EVER BEEN

FEMALE UNDERSECRETARIES

IN A CHURCH OF

1.2bn people

MORE THAN

50%

ARE WOMEN

We need you to share your message to current leaders of why bringing more women into leadership and decision making is crucial for the longevity of the Catholic Church.

LESS THAN

300
OF VATICAN
LEADERS ARE
WOMEN

THE TIME FOR CHANGE IS NOW

ADD YOUR VOICE

WWW.OVERCOMINGSILENCE.COM

#overcomingsilence

Please add your voice to the **#overcomingsilence** movement and help us send a message to the Roman Curia and Pope Francis about women in leadership and decision making roles in the Catholic Church.

If you have any questions or would like more information, please contact –
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www.overcomingsilence.com